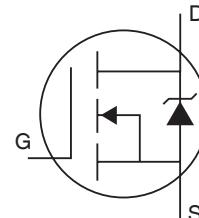
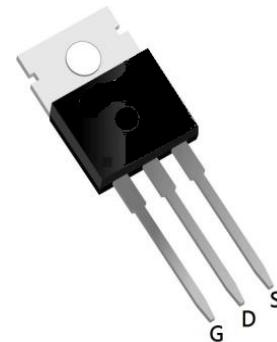


Applications

- High Efficiency Synchronous Rectification in SMPS
- Uninterruptible Power Supply
- High Speed Power Switching
- Hard Switched and High Frequency Circuits



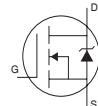
Benefits

- Improved Gate, Avalanche and Dynamic dv/dt Ruggedness
- Fully Characterized Capacitance and Avalanche SOA
- Enhanced body diode dV/dt and dI/dt Capability
- Lead Free
- RoHS Compliant, Halogen-Free
- $V_{DS} (V) = 100V$
- $I_D = 120 A (V_{GS} = 10V)$
- $R_{DS(ON)} < 4.5m\Omega (V_{GS}=10V)$

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Max.	Units
$I_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V$ (Silicon Limited)	180①	A
$I_D @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V$ (Silicon Limited)	130①	
$I_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V$ (Wire Bond Limited)	120	
I_{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current ②	670	
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Maximum Power Dissipation	370	W
	Linear Derating Factor	2.5	W/ $^\circ C$
V_{GS}	Gate-to-Source Voltage	± 20	V
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery ④	5.3	V/ns
T_J	Operating Junction and	-55 to + 175	$^\circ C$
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature Range		
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds (1.6mm from case)	300	
	Mounting torque, 6-32 or M3 screw	10lb·in (1.1N·m)	
E_{AS} (Thermally limited)	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ③	190	mJ
I_{AR}	Avalanche Current ②	See Fig. 14, 15, 22a, 22b	A
E_{AR}	Repetitive Avalanche Energy ⑤		
Symbol	Parameter	Typ.	Max.
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case ⑨		0.402
$R_{\theta CS}$	Case-to-Sink, Flat Greased Surface	0.50	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient ⑧		62

Static @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}}$	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	100			V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$
$\Delta V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}/\Delta T_J}$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient		0.108		V/ $^\circ\text{C}$	Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}, I_D = 5\text{mA}$ ②
$R_{\text{DS}(\text{on})}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance		3.7	4.5	$\text{m}\Omega$	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 75\text{A}$ ⑤
$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	2.0		4.0	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$
I_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current			20	μA	$V_{DS} = 100V, V_{GS} = 0V$
				250		$V_{DS} = 100V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage			100	nA	$V_{GS} = 20V$
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage			-100		$V_{GS} = -20V$
Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
g_{fs}	Forward Transconductance	160			S	$V_{DS} = 50V, I_D = 75\text{A}$
Q_g	Total Gate Charge		150	210	nC	$I_D = 75\text{A}$
Q_{gs}	Gate-to-Source Charge		35			$V_{DS} = 50V$
Q_{gd}	Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge		43			$V_{GS} = 10V$ ⑤
R_G	Gate Resistance		1.3		Ω	
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time		25		ns	$V_{DD} = 65V$
t_r	Rise Time		67			$I_D = 75\text{A}$
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time		78			$R_G = 2.6\Omega$
t_f	Fall Time		88			$V_{GS} = 10V$ ⑤
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	9620			pF	$V_{GS} = 0V$
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	670				$V_{DS} = 50V$
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	250				$f = 1.0\text{MHz}$
$C_{oss \text{ eff. (ER)}}$	Effective Output Capacitance (Energy Related) ⑦	820				$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 0V \text{ to } 80V$ ⑧
$C_{oss \text{ eff. (TR)}}$	Effective Output Capacitance (Time Related) ⑥	950				$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 0V \text{ to } 80V$ ⑥
Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
I_S	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)			170①	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode.
I_{SM}	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ②⑦			670		
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage			1.3	V	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = 75\text{A}, V_{GS} = 0V$ ⑤
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	50	75		ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C} \quad V_R = 85V,$
		60	90			$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C} \quad I_F = 75\text{A}$
Q_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge	94	140		nC	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C} \quad \text{di/dt} = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ ⑤
		140	210			$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
I_{RRM}	Reverse Recovery Current		3.5		A	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
t_{on}	Forward Turn-On Time					Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by LS+LD)

Notes:

- ① Calculated continuous current based on maximum allowable junction temperature. Bond wire current limit is 120A. Note that current limitations arising from heating of the device leads may occur with some lead mounting arrangements.
- ② Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.
- ③ Limited by $T_{J\text{max}}$, starting $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $L = 0.033\text{mH}$ $R_G = 25\Omega$, $I_{AS} = 108\text{A}$, $V_{GS} = 10V$. Part not recommended for use above this value.
- ④ $I_{SD} \leq 75\text{A}$, $\text{di/dt} \leq 630\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$, $V_{DD} \leq V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}}$, $T_J \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$.
- ⑤ Pulse width $\leq 400\mu\text{s}$; duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.
- ⑥ $C_{oss \text{ eff. (TR)}}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS} .
- ⑦ $C_{oss \text{ eff. (ER)}}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same energy as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS} .
- ⑧ R_0 is measured at T_J approximately 90°C .

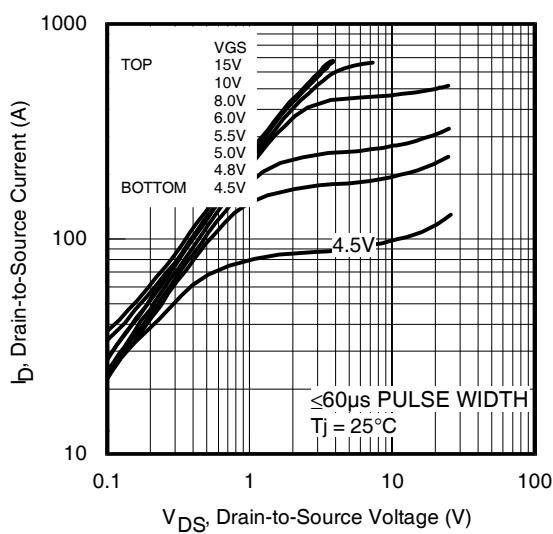


Fig 1. Typical Output Characteristics

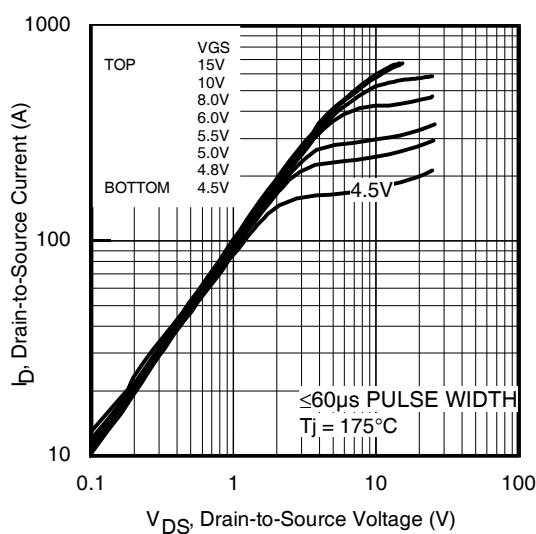


Fig 2. Typical Output Characteristics

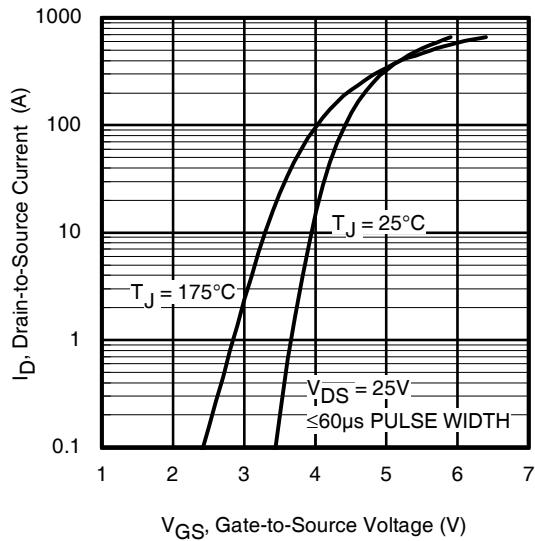


Fig 3. Typical Transfer Characteristics

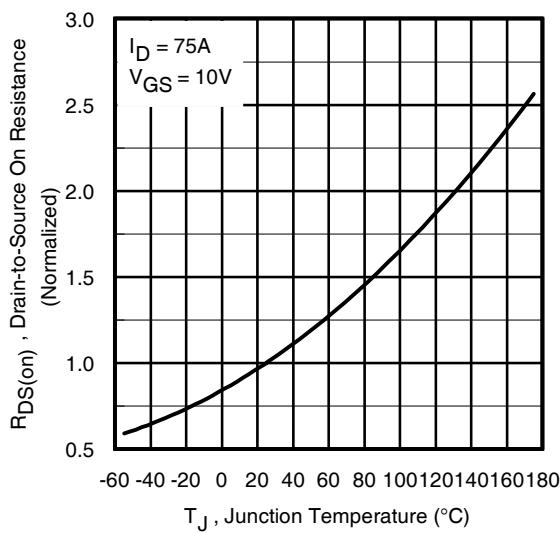


Fig 4. Normalized On-Resistance vs. Temperature

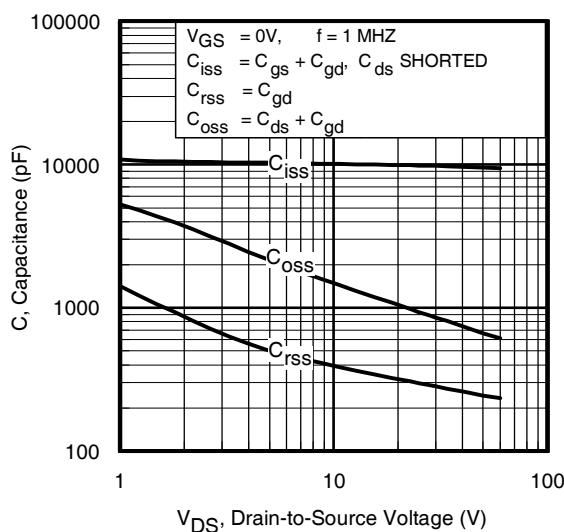


Fig 5. Typical Capacitance vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

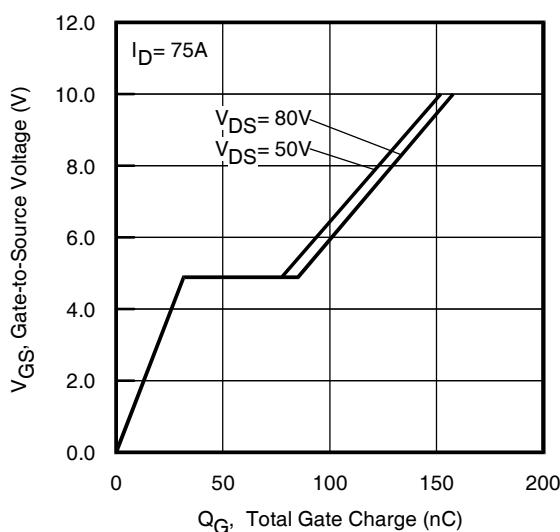


Fig 6. Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

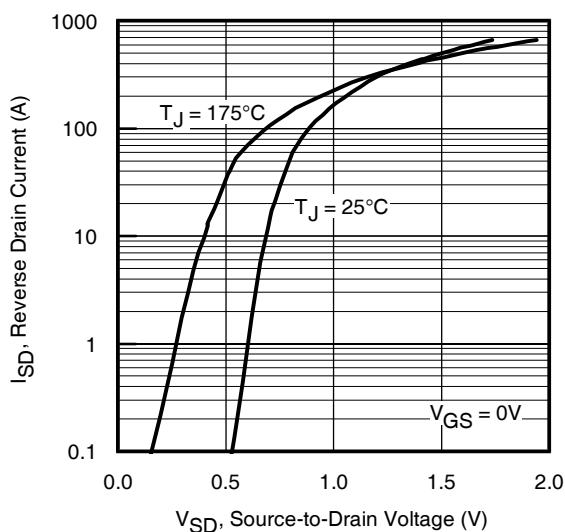


Fig 7. Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

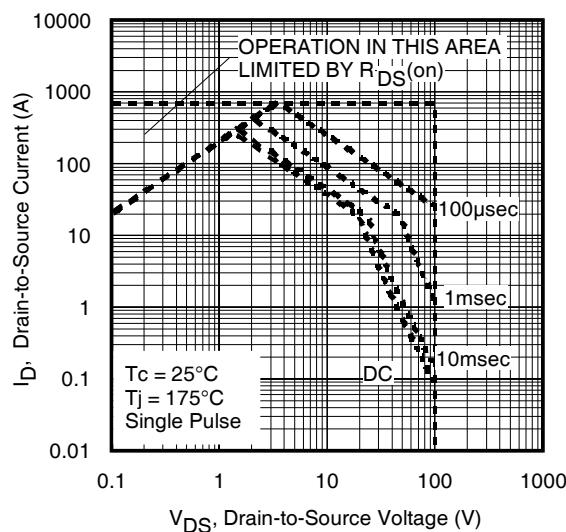


Fig 8. Maximum Safe Operating Area

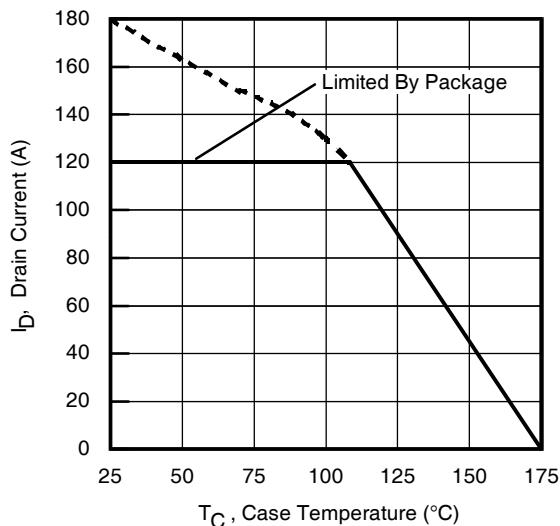


Fig 9. Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature

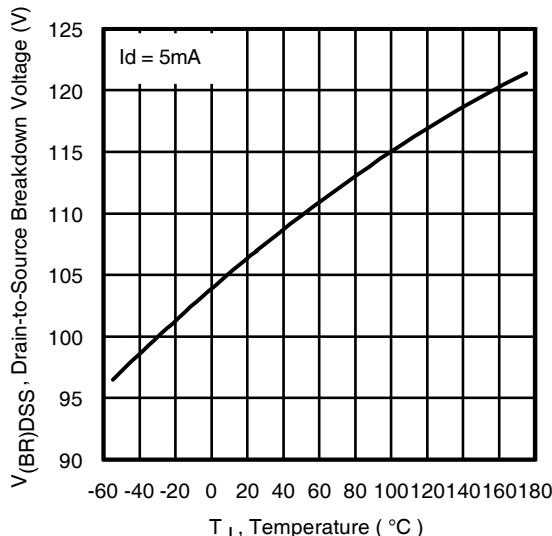


Fig 10. Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage

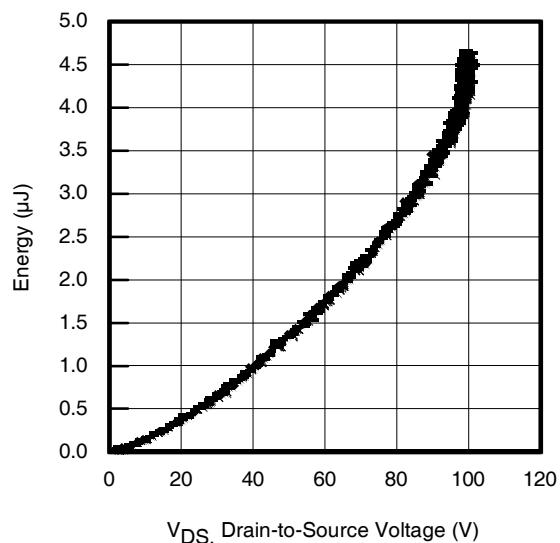


Fig 11. Typical COSS Stored Energy

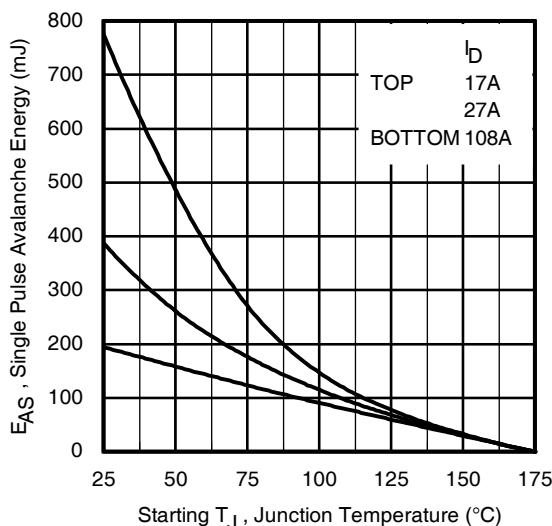


Fig 12. Maximum Avalanche Energy vs. Drain Current

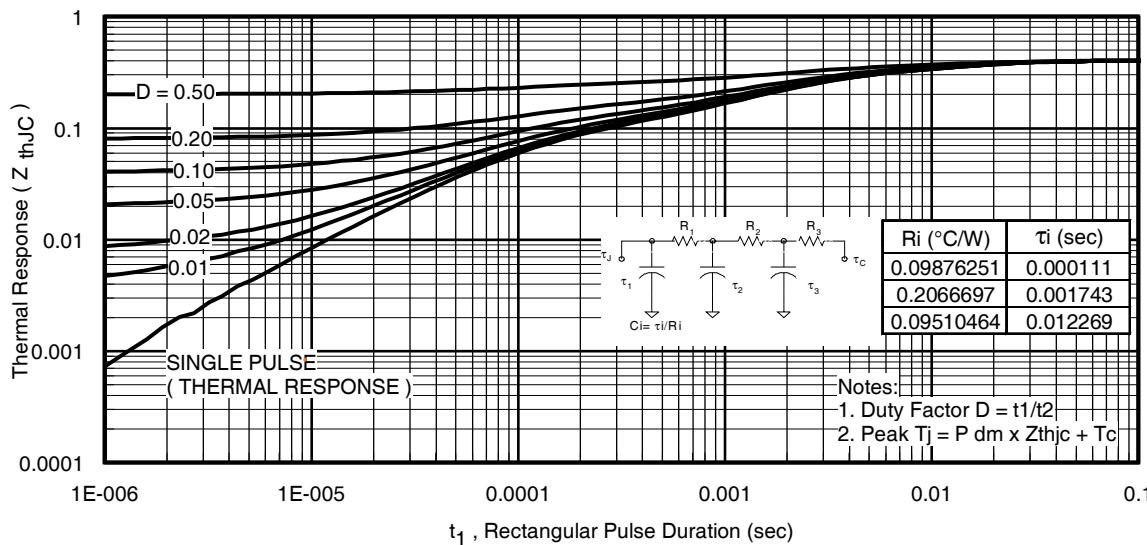


Fig 13. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

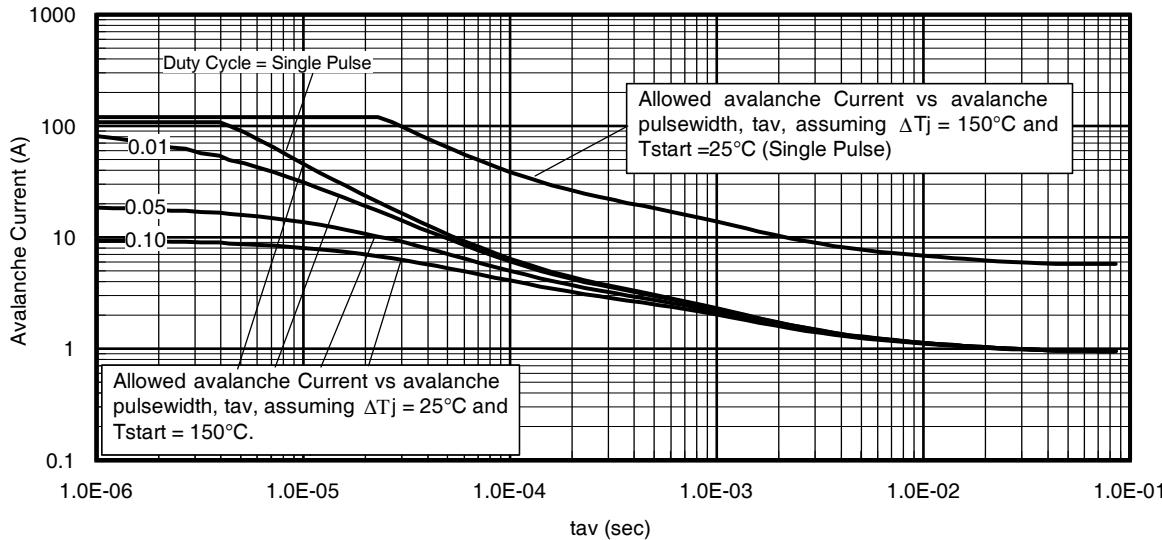


Fig 14. Typical Avalanche Current vs.Pulsewidth

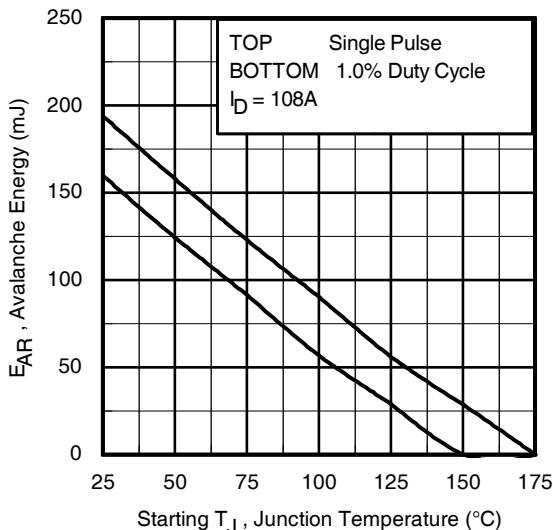


Fig 15. Maximum Avalanche Energy vs. Temperature

Notes on Repetitive Avalanche Curves , Figures 14, 15:

1. Avalanche failures assumption:
Purely a thermal phenomenon and failure occurs at a temperature far in excess of T_{jmax} . This is validated for every part type.
 2. Safe operation in Avalanche is allowed as long as T_{jmax} is not exceeded.
 3. Equation below based on circuit and waveforms shown in Figures 16a, 16b.
 4. $P_{D(ave)}$ = Average power dissipation per single avalanche pulse.
 5. BV = Rated breakdown voltage (1.3 factor accounts for voltage increase during avalanche).
 6. I_{av} = Allowable avalanche current.
 7. ΔT = Allowable rise in junction temperature, not to exceed T_{jmax} (assumed as 25°C in Figure 14, 15).
- t_{av} = Average time in avalanche.
 D = Duty cycle in avalanche = t_{av}/f
 $Z_{thJC}(D, t_{av})$ = Transient thermal resistance, see Figures 13)

$$P_{D(ave)} = 1/2 (1.3 \cdot BV \cdot I_{av}) = \Delta T / Z_{thJC}$$

$$I_{av} = 2\Delta T / [1.3 \cdot BV \cdot Z_{th}]$$

$$E_{AS(AR)} = P_{D(ave)} \cdot t_{av}$$

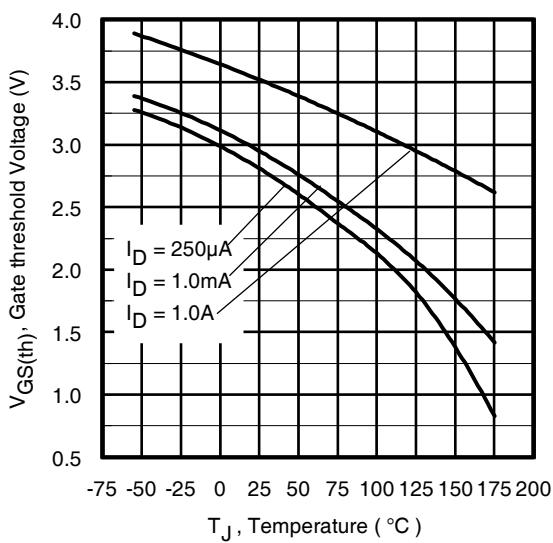


Fig. 16. Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature

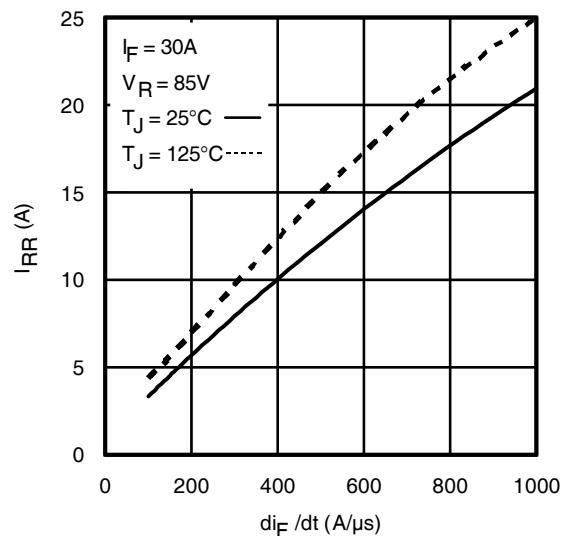


Fig. 17 - Typical Recovery Current vs. di_f/dt

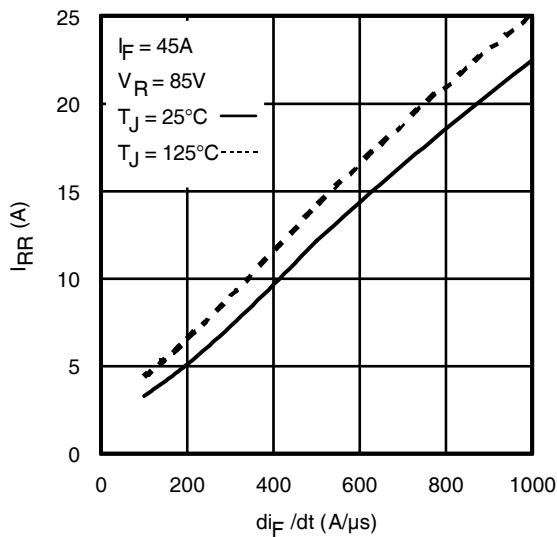


Fig. 18 - Typical Recovery Current vs. di_f/dt

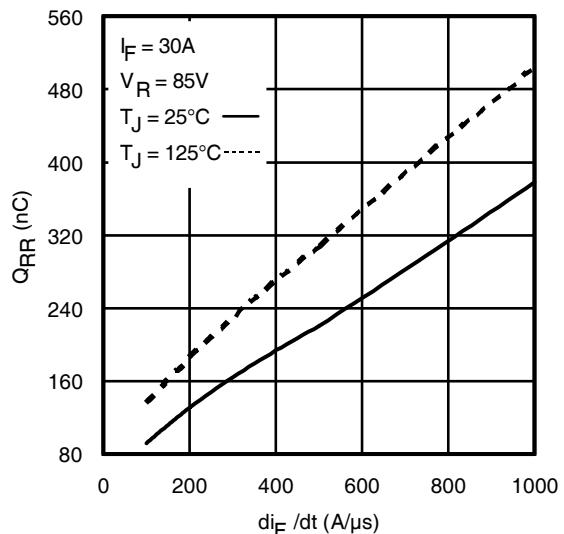


Fig. 19 - Typical Stored Charge vs. di_f/dt

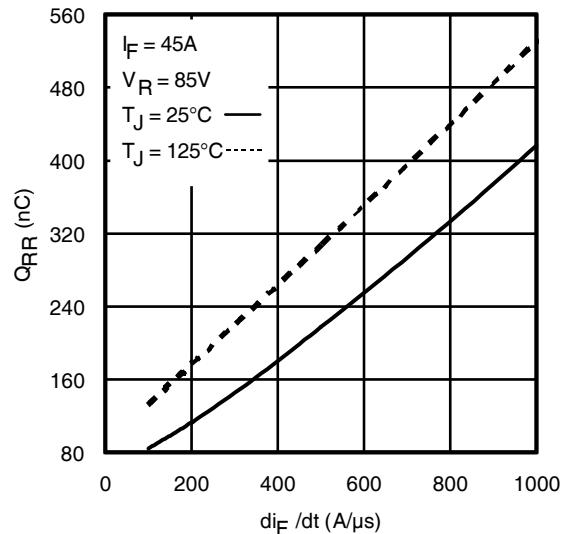


Fig. 20 - Typical Stored Charge vs. di_f/dt

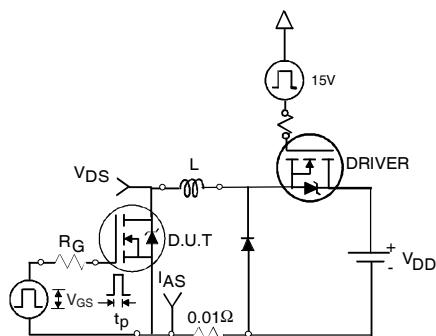


Fig 21a. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

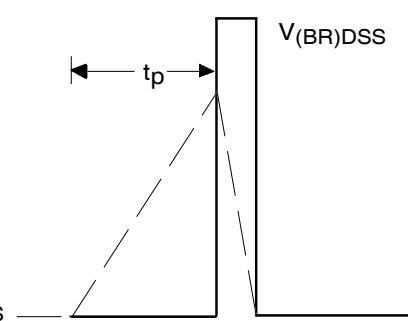


Fig 21b. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

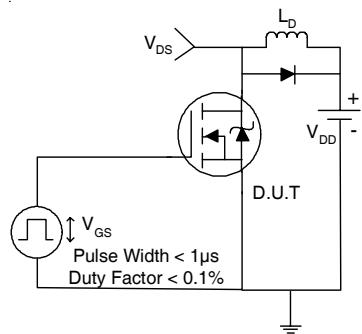


Fig 22a. Switching Time Test Circuit

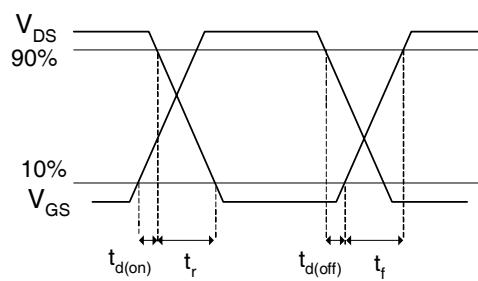


Fig 22b. Switching Time Waveforms

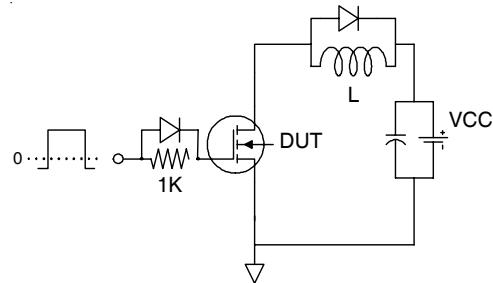


Fig 23a. Gate Charge Test Circuit

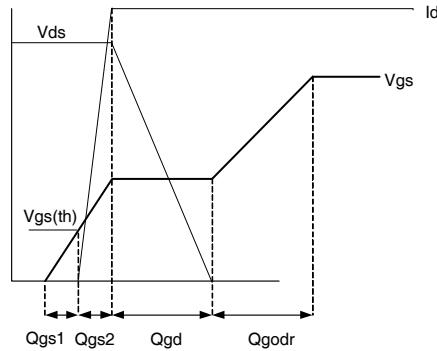
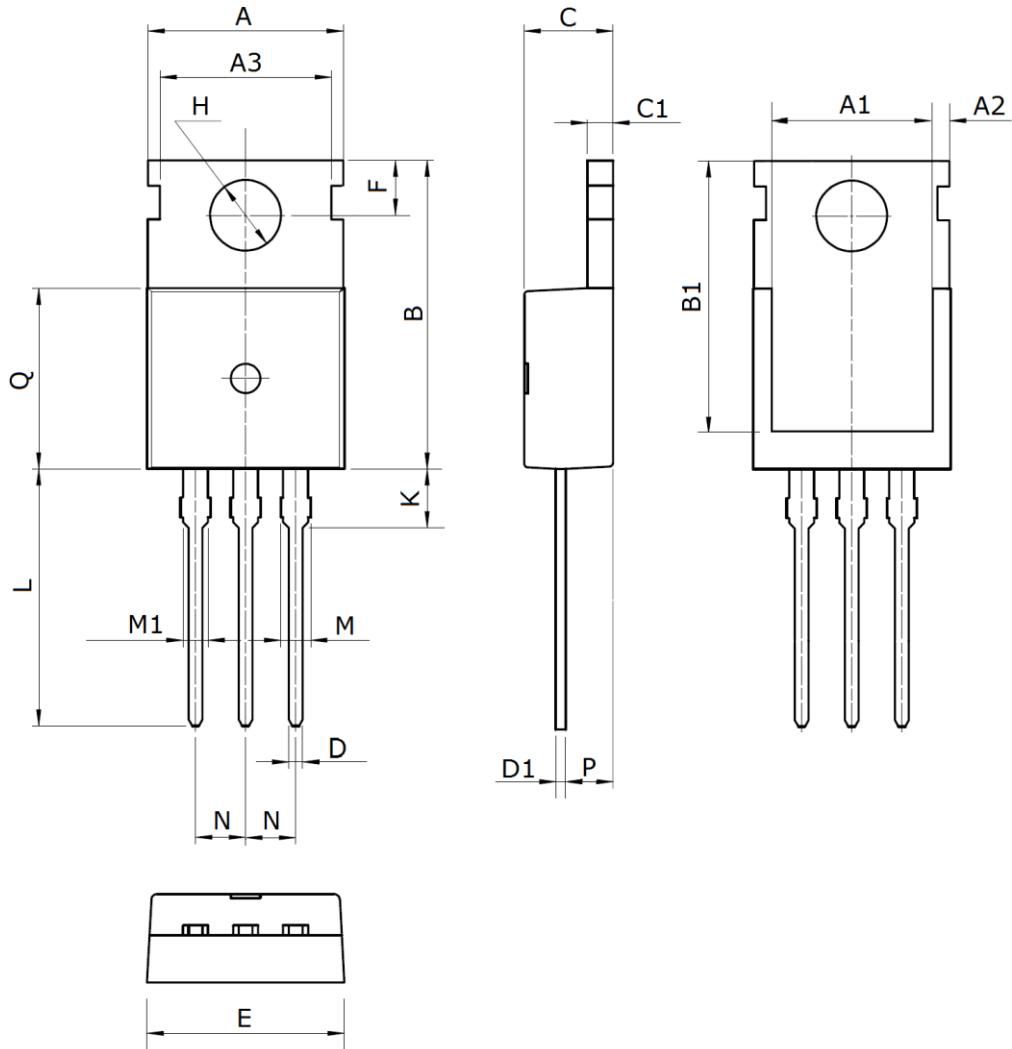


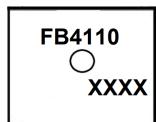
Fig 23b. Gate Charge Waveform

Package Mechanical Data TO-220



Symbol	Dimensions (mm)	Symbol	Dimensions (mm)	Symbol	Dimensions (mm)
A	10.0±0.3	C1	1.3±0.2	L	13.2±0.4
A1	8.0±0.2	D	0.8±0.2	M	1.38±0.1
A2	0.94±0.1	D1	0.5±0.1	M1	1.28±0.1
A3	8.7±0.1	E	10.0±0.3	N	2.54(typ)
B	15.6±0.4	F	2.8 ±0.1	P	2.4±0.3
B1	13.2 ±0.2	H	3.6±0.1	Q	9.15±0. 25
C	4.5±0.2	K	3.1±0.2		

Marking



Ordering information

Order code	Package	Baseqty	Deliverymode
IRFB4110	TO-220	1000	Tube and box